

人文英语 2

English for the Humanities 2



东莞开放大学
马俊玉

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Asking for Legal Help



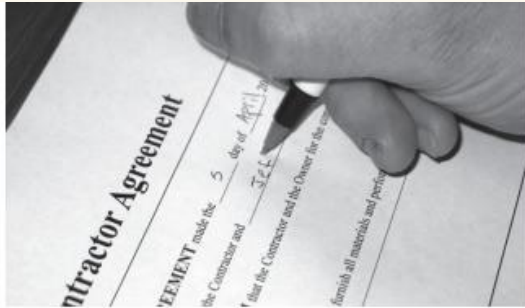


Getting Started—Task 2 (P92)

Match the situations with the pictures and think about when you need to turn to a lawyer for legal advice or help.



A. _____



B. _____



C. _____



D. _____

D labor conflicts

劳动纠纷

C knock down and rebuild 翻修改建

A getting divorced

离婚

B signing a contract

签合同

Listening and Speaking—Task 3 (P92)

学前任务1（1）：学习P92的Task 3的对话，翻译对话：

Don't panic, madam.

Tell me slowly, what has happened?

查词典,了解panic的用法。



Don't panic, madam.

panic *v.* 恐慌

Don't panic!

The crowd **panicked** at the sound of the explosion.

The thunder **panicked** the horses.

panic *n.* 恐慌

She **got into a panic** when she thought that she had forgotten the ticket.

Panic spread quickly.

Listening and Speaking—Task 3 (P92)

学前任务1（1）：学习P92的Task 3的对话，翻译对话：

Don't panic, madam.

Tell me slowly, what has happened?

查词典,了解panic的用法。



Listening and Speaking—Task 3 (P92)

学前任务1 (1) : 学习P92的Task 3的对话, 翻译对话:

My Daughter Is Missing

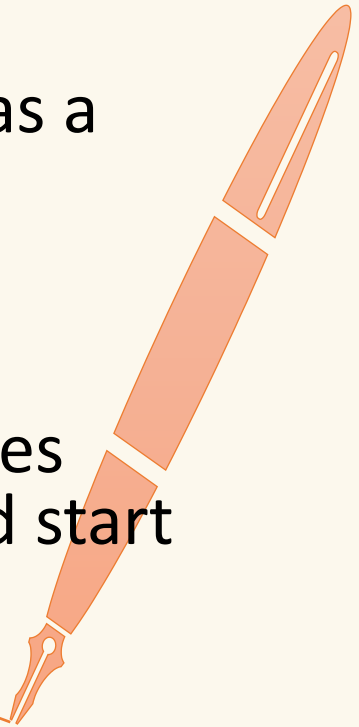
- *A police officer helps a woman look for her missing child.*
- **Police:** Hello. Huangdu Police Station. What can I do for you?
- **Woman:** (Crying) Help! Help!
- **Police:** **Don't panic**, madam. Tell me slowly, what has happened?
- **Woman:** My daughter ... my daughter is missing.
- **Police:** Okay, **calm down**, please. Where are you? And how did it happen?
- **Woman:** In Tian'an plaza . We were shopping in the cosmetics section on the ground floor. I turned around and she was gone.
- **Police:** How long has your daughter been missing?
- **Woman:** About half an hour. I've been looking for her everywhere.
- **Police:** Can you give us some details about your daughter?



Listening and Speaking—Task 3 (P92)

学前任务1 (1) : 学习P92 的Task 3的对话, 翻译对话:

- **Woman:** Her name is Monica. She's five years old. As for her ... her height ... her height, about one meter. She has beautiful long black hair, a bit curly . She's skinny and small for her age. And she's wearing ... wearing ...
- **Police:** **Don't worry.** What is she wearing?
- **Woman:** She's wearing blue shorts and a pink T-shirt today. She has a hat on too, I think.
Police: Okay. Don't panic . Everything is going to be okay.
- **Woman:** What should I do?
- **Police:** Stay right where your daughter went away in case she comes back looking for you. We'll call the building management center and start looking for her now.
- **Woman:** Thank you very much.





Check It Out

现在完成进行时

I've been looking for her everywhere.

我已经到处在找她了。

构成为：主语+助动词(have / has) + been + 动词的现在分词+其他成分

现在完成进行时，表示动作或状态从过去某一时间开始，一直持续到现在，或者刚刚终止，或者可能仍然要继续下去；也可以用来表示某种经历。与since, for 连用时，常常表示动作会进行下去。
例如：

I have been learning English since three years ago.

They have been living in this city for ten years.

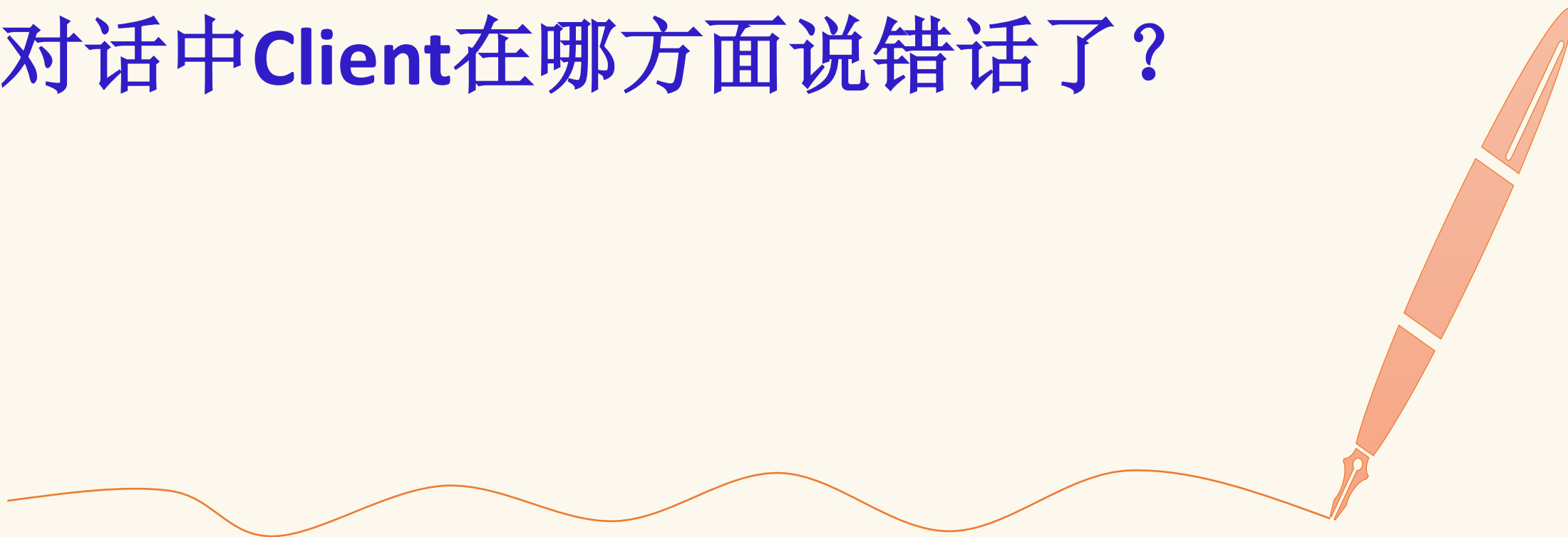


Listening and Speaking—Task 3 (P94)

学前任务1（2）：学习P94的 Task 4对话。

“Oh, I see. A slip of the tongue.”

对话中Client在哪方面说错话了？



Listening and Speaking—Task 3 (P94)

学前任务1 (2) : 学习P94的 Task 4对话。


• Trademark Infringement

- *A client seeks legal advice for a trademark infringement case.*
- **Lawyer:** Based on what you've told me so far, it sounds like your competitor is **infringing** on your trademark.
- **Client:** Exactly. And the potential damage to my business is huge. What **legal action** can we take?
- **Lawyer:** Well, there are several things we can do. First, we can **file an action** in **the district court** and move for an injunction against your competitor. We need to show the probable harm to your business.
- **Client:** I'm sure they'll challenge that. They won't confess to the claim.



Listening and Speaking—Task 3 (P94)

学前任务1 (2) : 学习P94的 Task 4对话。

- **Lawyer:** Right. Actually, “ **confess** ” is used in criminal case .
In civil case we say “ **admit the claim** ”.
 - **Client:** Oh, I see. **A slip of the tongue.**
 - **Lawyer:** We'll also be seeking declaratory relief and damages for any losses you've suffered.
 - **Client:** I know what damages are, but what's **declaratory relief?**
 - **Lawyer:** It's a declaration by the court that you are the rightful owner of the trademark. As for damages, if we're going to be able to recover your losses we'll first have to prove them. I'd like my team to meet with your people to start **gathering evidence.**
 - **Client:** That's fine — as soon as possible.
- 



Check It Out

将来进行时

We'll also be seeking declaratory relief and damages for any losses you've suffered.

我们也会为你所遭受的任何损失争取确认赔偿请求。

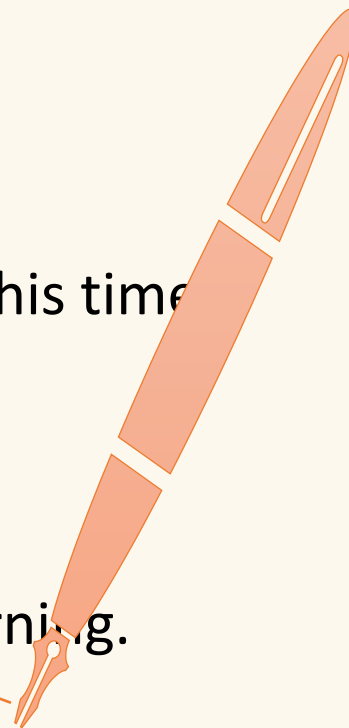
- 将来进行时主要表示将来某一时间正在进行的动作，或表示要在将来某一时间开始，并继续下去的动作。一般用延续性动词表示。例如：

This time next day they will be sitting in the cinema.

- 将来进行时常用的时间状语有soon, this evening, on Sunday, by this time tomorrow, in two days, tomorrow evening 等。例如：

By this time tomorrow, I'll be lying on the beach.

Please come tomorrow afternoon. I'll be having a meeting tomorrow morning.



Listening and Speaking—Task 5 (P97-98)

学前任务2（1）：完成文后的判断正误练习。

Pedestrian Critically Injured in Westwood **Hit-and-Run** Crash

- A pedestrian was critically injured in a Westwood area car accident near the corner of Wilshire Boulevard and Veteran Avenue early morning on January 5, 2016.
- The police said it involved **a hit-and-run driver**. The car was dark and was last seen traveling east on Ashton Avenue from Veteran Avenue. The investigation is ongoing.

Listening and Speaking—Task 5 (P97-98)

学前任务2（1）：完成文后的判断正误练习。

- It appears that the driver struck and seriously injured the pedestrian, and left the victim lying in the roadway without even stopping to help or call **emergency personnel**. Outrageous! Leaving the scene of an injury or fatal crash is a serious crime under California law. **California Vehicle Code 20001 (a)** states: “The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury to a person, other than himself or herself, or in the death of a person shall immediately stop the vehicle **at the scene of the accident.**”
- We hope the driver in this case is arrested and **brought to justice**. If you have any information about the suspect or the vehicle, please visit the Hit-and-Run Reward website at hitandruneaward.com to offer **a useful tip** and become qualified for a \$1,000 reward.

Reading and Writing—Task 5

Read the passage and decide if the following statements are TRUE (T) or FALSE (F).

1. A pedestrian was dead in the hit-and-run case.
2. Leaving the scene of an injury or fatal crash is not a serious crime under California law.
3. The investigation is going on.
4. The driver was against the California Vehicle Code 20001.
5. Any information about hit-and-run cases provided via hitandr unreward.com can get \$1,000reward.

Listening and Speaking—Task 6 (P98-99)

学前任务2 (2) : 翻译 Protecting your safety is the first priority after a car accident.

How to Report an Accident?

- A car accident can happen when you least expect it. You could be **switching lanes** , looking for a parking space or **pulling out of your driveway** , and all of a sudden, crash! Whether you hit someone or another driver hits you, you need to know what to do after a car accident. Here's a checklist to keep in mind when it comes to reporting your car accident.

Listening and Speaking—Task 6 (P98-99)

学前任务2 (2) : 翻译 Protecting your safety is the first priority after a car accident.

- 1. Take down **the other driver's license plate number** as well as **the make**, color and model of the vehicle. If there is no pen and paper available, repeat the numbers in your head until you can write them down or **snap a picture** with your mobile phone.
- 2. Call the police. Police will be needed on scene to **direct traffic** and to help get all vehicles to safety. Also, a police report is needed for the insurance company to determine who is responsible for paying the damages.
- 3. Check for injuries to yourself and to your passengers before getting out of the car. Never **step out of the car** into moving traffic.

Listening and Speaking—Task 6 (P98-99)

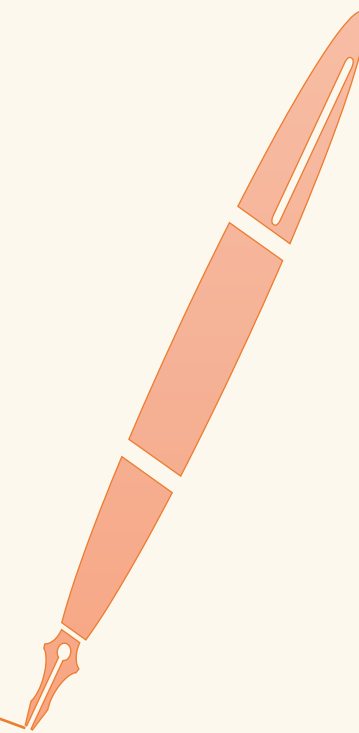
学前任务2 (2) : 翻译 **Protecting your safety is the first priority after a car accident.**

- 4. Look for witnesses. Politely ask the witnesses (if any) to wait with you until the police come so that they can give their statements about the crash.
- 5. Exchange contact information with the other driver for insurance and payment issues.
- 6. Report the accident to your insurance company just in case you may need to file a claim.
- And a final note: **protecting your safety is the first priority after a car accident.** Turn on your **hazard lights** as soon as possible and put up other signals behind the crash scene so that other drivers should proceed carefully and safely.

•Unit 08 Dealing with Crimes

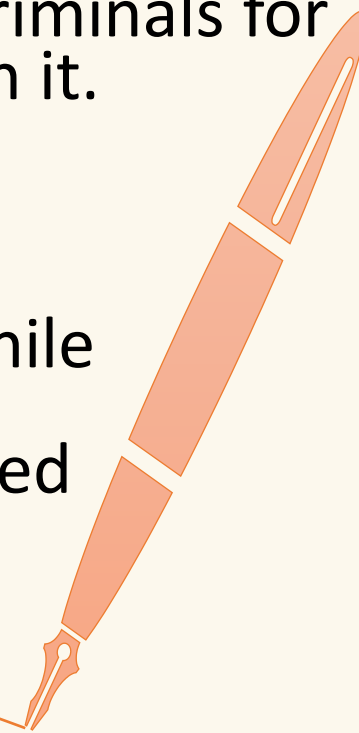
•Learning Objectives

- 1. Talk about crimes 讨论犯罪
- 2. Give one's opinions 表达个人观点
- 3. Express hope 表达愿望
- 4. Write a public leaflet 写一份公众宣传页



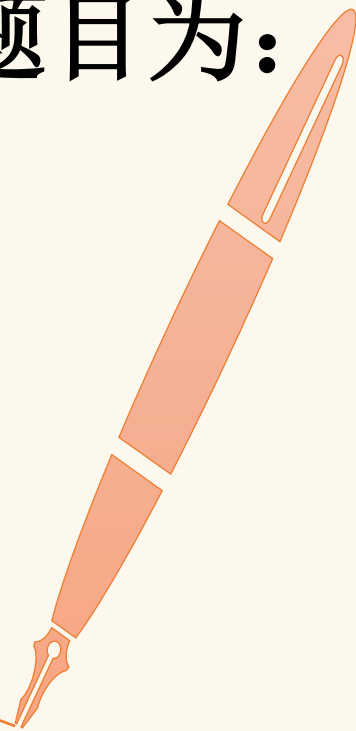
学前任务单Unit8

- 登录国家开放大学学习网(<http://www.ouchn.cn>), 完成以下学习任务。
- **1.教材unit 8的 Listening & Speaking模块。**
 - 1) 学习P107-108 的Task 3的对话, 翻译对话: Neighborhood watch is a good way to prevent community burglaries, thefts, etc.
 - 2) 学习P109的 Task 4对话。翻译If we could lock up serious criminals for a longer time, people would learn that they couldn't get away with it.
- **2.教材unit 7的Reading & writing模块:**
 - 1) 学习P112-113的 Task 5, Part II的passage: Causes for Juvenile Delinquency。完成文后的判断正误练习。
 - 2) 学习P114的Task 6, Part II的passage: China Calls for Unified International Rules Against Internet Crime,完成文后的翻译练习。



学前任务单Unit8

- 3.完成国家开放大学学习网人文英语2的unit 8的self-test练习。
- 4.在国家开放大学学习网论坛上发一个帖子，题目为：
 - **Securing Yourself from Purse Snatching**
 - 有效防范偷钱包
- 5.用手机录制视频并提交给任课教师：
 - **Securing Yourself from Purse Snatching**



THANK YOU



**May you have
a sweet dream!**